MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE SUMY NATIONAL AGRARIAN UNIVERSITY

Foreign Languages Department Faculty of Biology and Technology

MODULE SYLLABUS

LEGAL ENGLISH

(compulsory)

Implemented in the "International law" Academic Program

Area of specialization293 "International law"

at the first (bachelor's) level of higher education

Sumy-2023

Tetiana (RIDEL, PhD in Pedagogical Sciences, Associate

professor at Foreign Languages department

Author:

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Module syllabus agreed at the Foreign Languages Department meeting	Minutes No 12 dated June 5, 2023				
	Head of Foreign Languages Department PhD in Pedagogical Sciences, Associate professor	Tetiana KLOCHKOVA			
Approved by:					
Containing of the Academic pr	ogram	Alonz KLOCHKO			
Dean of the Faculty	out	Øleh ROHOVENKO			
Syllabols (cycw (attached) is j	provided by :	(Natalia PETROVA) (Tetiana KLOCHKOVA)			
Romescrittlive of the Departm Attribute and accreditation	ent of Education Quality ssuran	^{cc} <u>N. Baranin</u>			
ingistated in electronic data b	asse <u>22.06</u>	2023			
(SNAU, 2023					

Syllabus review data:

Academic	Acadamia program	Change	s revised and approved	
year in which changes are made	Academic program attachment number with changes description	Minutes No and date of the department meeting	Head of Department	Guarantor of the Academic program

1. MODULE OVERVIEW

1.	Title	Legal En	glish					
2.	Faculty/Department	Biology a	Biology and Technology/ Foreign Languages					
3.	Type (compulsory or optional)	compulso	compulsory					
4.	Program(s) to which	Academic program "International Law"						
	module is attached (to be	Area of sp	pecialization 2	93 "Internationa	ıl Law"			
	filled in for compulsory							
	types)							
5.	Module can be suggested	-						
	for (to be filled in for optional types)							
6.	Level of the National	The first (bachelor's) les	vel of higher edu	cation, NQF - 6th level			
0.	Qualifications Framework			ver of inglief edd				
7.	Semester and duration of	III semest	er, week 1-15					
	module		ter, week 1-15					
8.	ECTS credits number	7			-			
9.	Total workload and time		Directed stu	<i>2</i>	Self-directed study			
	allotment - 210	Lectures	Practicals	Labs				
1.0		•	60/60	-	30/60			
10.	Language of instruction	English						
11.	Module leader				ences, Ass. Professor, Ass			
			0	iguages departme	lay, 12:30-2:00 p.m., room			
			building)	13 - every + 1 dese	ay, 12.30-2.00 p.m., 100m			
12.	Module leader contact	tridel@uk						
	information							
13.	Module description	2001) and of comm recomment the module based on learning t and the de on clear-of cognitive situational component	take into accu- nunicative con- ndations of the le is both stu- modern dida hat guarantees evelopment of cut aims and skills, embra l (job-related nts; takes into	ount the requirer mpetence assess e ESP National C udent- and lang actic principles the realization cognitive compe objectives of t acting the profes situations) and p account the stude	ecognized standards (CEF ments of the IELTS system sment. According to the Curriculum for universities, uage acquisition-centered, of language teaching and of intercultural differences etence. The module is based teaching, professional and sional (job-related areas), pragmatic (practical skills) ents' needs and experience.			
15.	Module Dependencies (prerequisites, co- requisites,	The module is aimed at developing sociocultural and textua aspects of communication, as well as its professional content. The underlying idea of the integrative development of all skills (speaking, listening, reading and writing) contributes to the improvement of students' communicative competence by means o accomplishing professionally oriented communicative tasks to provide them with a reliable tool for effective communication in the field of international law. Prerequisites are necessary knowledge and skills of Genera English and Basic Legal English should beat least at B1+ leve according to Common European Framework of Reference for						
	incompatible modules)	Language	s, sufficient and adequate	for the perce	ption of the categorical of sources and developed			

		Co-requisites are Theory and Practice of Translation, Public
		Speaking and Fundamentals of Scientific Research.
16.	The policy of academic	The following forms of academic dishonesty (academic integrity
	integrity	violation) are distinguished between copying; submitting another
	0.1	person's work as your own or submitting another person's work
		without proper citation; unauthorized test possession, purchase, or
		supplying; ghosting; altering exams or assignments; improper use
		of technology; facilitating academic dishonesty by others;
		submitting work previously used without permission; unauthorized
		collaboration; unauthorized use of study aids.
		Depending on the nature of the violation, the teacher will assign
		one of the following penalties:
		Copying
		- reduced exam or assignment grade to 0 for assignment or exam
		Cheating
		- requiring the student to redo the assignment for a reduced grade
		- assigning the student a failing grade for the assignment
		Information Falsification or Fabrication
		-verbal or written reprimand
		-reduction in course grade
		-failure (no credit) or reduction in grade given for paper, exam, or
		assignment without privilege of make-up
		Deception
		-a mark of zero (0) should be awarded for the assessment in which
		the deception was found to occur
		Facilitating academic dishonesty
		-reduced assignment grade for what the student submitted
		-a mark of zero (0) for assignment student submitted -reduced grade in module
		Plagiarism
		-a mark of zero (0) should be awarded for the assessment in which
		the plagiarism was found to occur
		-rewriting a paper; retaking an exam, test, or quiz; or redoing an
		assignment
		-reduction in course grade; failure (no credit); or reduction in grade
		given for paper, exam, or assignment without privilege of make-up
		-if this penalty does not result in the failure of the module, the
		module mark obtained for the module should be further reduced by
		10% of the maximum available mark.
17.	Link in Moodle	https://cdn.snau.edu.ua/moodle/course/view.php?id=3778

2. CORRELATION BETWEEN MODULE LEARNING OUTCOMES (MLOs) AND PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES (PLOs)

MLOs:			PLOs			How assessed
On	PLOs 7	PLOs 12	PLOs 13	PLOs 14	PLOs 15	
successful						
completion						
of the						
module the						
learner will						
be able to:						
MLOs 1.						Case study
Search for						
specific						

			1			
information						
using the	X	Χ		Х	Х	
library						
catalog,						
directories,						
dictionaries,						
the Internet;						
make						
predictions						
using the						
keys given;						
generalize,						
paraphrase						
and						
synthesize						
personal						
ideas.						
MLOs 2.						Dictation
Listening						(gap-filling:
Comprehend						open/banked;
and						table
understand						completion)
audio texts						
different in	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		End-of-unit
content,						test
linguistic						
composition						
and time on						
the subjects						
taught by the						
module.						
MLOs 3.						Essay
Reading						
Critically						End-of-year
analyze						written test
English texts						
of general						
and						
professional						
content,						
summarize,						
paraphrase	V	\mathbf{v}	v			
and	X	X	X			
synthesize						
ideas from						
different						
types of						
texts, apply						
this						
knowledge						
in practical						
situations.						
Search,						
process and						
analyze						

	Γ		[1
information						
from						
various legal						
English-						
language						
sources.						
MLOs 4.						Oral test
Speaking						
and						
vocabulary						
Use basic						
legal						
vocabulary						
to take part						
in						
discussions,						
debates,						
negotiations						
within the	Х	X	Х	X	X	
scope of the						
topics taught						
reacting to						
opponent's						
view,						
expressing						
personal						
opinions.						
MLOs 5.						Written test
Writing						(multiple
Write clear,						choice;
logical texts						multiple
of different						
						matching;
linguistic						error
styles,						detection
generate						/correction;
English-	Х	X	X		X	open-ended
language						questions)
information						
content on a						
given topic						
using						
available as						
well as						
mandatory						
sources of						
information.						
mormation.	[I		

3. MODULE INDICATIVE CONTENT

<u>III semester</u>						
	Distribution of hours			Learning resources		
Topics	Directed study			Self-	_	
			directed			
			study			
	Lectures	Practicals	Labs			

	Γ		
Topic 1.Judicial system of	4	2	1, 2, 6, 7
Ukraine. Academic vocabulary –			
Judicial system in Ukraine.			
Reading - "Judicial system in			
Ukraine" Speaking - "Types of			
courts", "Tasks of the judicial			
system". Dialogues- "Imagine you			
are a judge. Choose a court you			
work in and describe your job			
(types of cases, rights and duties,			
advantages and disadvantages,			
etc.)".			
Topic 2. <i>The status and role of</i>	4	2	2, 6, 7
judges in judicial proceedings.		<u> </u>	2, 0, 7
Reading 1 - "Independence of			
judges, their status and role in			
5 6 1			
judicial proceedings". Speaking -			
"Make a summary of the text".			
Reading 2 - "Coroner's Court".			
Speaking – "You are participants			
of the International Seminar on			
Judicial System. Be ready to give a			
talk on one of the issues: 1) Powers			
of Judges: too many or too few? 2)			
Role of People's Assessors in			
Judicial Proceedings. 3) Judges			
Immunity: pros and cons. 4)			
Judicial reform: what should be			
done to improve justice?" Writing			
– Write a letter to your friend in the			
UK or the USA about 1) the			
judicial system of Ukraine; or 2)			
judges in Ukraine.			
Topic 3. Verb. Basic	4	2	4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11
morphological forms of verbs,			
rules of their formation and			
writing. Grammatical categories of			
verbs. Semantic and syntactic			
classification of verbs. Transitive			
and intransitive verbs. The verb 'to			
<i>be</i> '. Peculiarities of 'there + to be'			
functioning.			
Topic 4.Main principles of	4	2	1, 2, 6, 7
trial. Reading 1 - "Never Judge a			
Judge by his Judgements" Reading			
2 - "Going bench – Choosing			
Between Jury and Non-jury Trials"			
Listening - "The Man in Court".			
Speaking – "Tell your partner			
everything you know about judge's			
and jury's functions and			
obligations". Reading 3 - "The			
Process of Choosing Jurors"			
Writing – Write a survey report on			
the choosing a jury in the US law			
system.			
system.			

	1			1
Topic5. Trial procedures. Reading	4		2	1, 2, 6, 7
1 - "Opening Statements" Speaking				
- "Tell your partner everything you				
know about the attorney's opening				
statements". Writing – Write a				
survey report on the main aims and				
principles of opening statements in				
the US law system. Reading 2 -				
"How Evidence is Presented"				
Listening - "Direct and Cross-				
examination of Witnesses in US				
courts".				
Topic 6. Indefinite Tenses.	4	.	2	4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11
Formation. Use.				
Topic 7. Closing arguments.	4		2	1, 2, 6, 7
Reading - "A Closing Argument"				, , , ,
Speaking – "Tell your partner				
everything you know about closing				
arguments at a trial". Listening -				
•				
"The Jury Instructions in US				
courts". Listening - "The Verdict in				
US Courts". Writing – Write a				
survey report on the jury				
deliberations and verdict in the US				
law system.				
Topic 8. Judgements and	4		2	1, 2, 6, 7
Enforcement. Post-trial motions.				
Reading 1 - "Types of Judgements				
in US Courts" Speaking - "Tell				
your partner everything you know				
about judgements and				
enforcement". Listening - "The				
Post-Trial Procedures in US				
Courts". Writing – Write a survey				
• •				
report on the main principles of				
filing post-trial motions in the US				
law system.				
Topic 9. Continuous Tenses.	4	•	2	4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11
Formation. Use.				
Topic 10. Ministry of Internal	4	F	2	1, 2, 6, 7
Affairs. Security Service. Tax				
<i>police</i> . Academic vocabulary –				
what is meant by law enforcing				
agencies? What law enforcing				
agencies do you know in				
Ukraine?Predict their main aim and				
tasks. Reading 1 - "Ministry of the				
Interior" Reading2 - "Security				
Service of Ukraine. Tax Police."				
Speaking – "Compare two law				
enforcing agencies: bodies of the				
interior affairs and the Security				
Service of Ukraine". Listening -				
"Special Forces of the Security				
Service of Ukraine". Dialogues -				
"Subordination of high-rank				
	•			

officials of the law enforcing			
officials of the law enforcing			
agencies appointments in modern Ukraine".			
	4	2	1 2 6 7
Topic 11. <i>Prosecutor's Office.</i>	4	2	1, 2, 6, 7
Reading 1 - "The Prosecutor's			
Office" Speaking - "Activity of the Prosecutor's office", "System of			
the Prosecutor's office". Reading 2			
- "Penal System of Ukraine".			
Speaking - "State your opinion			
about Institutions of Executing			
Penalties in Ukraine". Dialogues -			
"Compare the Prosecutor's office			
of Ukraine and Penal System of			
Ukraine as for their tasks,			
functions, structure and others".			
Writing – Prepare reports on the			
topics: 1) Role of the law-			
enforcement system in Ukraine; 2)			
The most famous spies of the 20 th			
century.			
Topic 12. Perfect Tenses.	4	2	4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11
Formation. Use.	-	-	., _, _, _,,
Topic 13. Law enforcement bodies	4	2	1, 2, 6, 7
<i>in the UK.</i> Academic vocabulary –	-		7 7 - 7 -
improvement of the police work;			
the public attitude to the police in			
GB; should the police control the			
moral behavior of individuals.			
Reading - "Law Enforcement			
Bodies in the United Kingdom"			
Speaking - "Compare the structures			
of the law-enforcement agencies in			
the UK and Ukraine".Listening-			
"Recommendations for vehicle			
crime prevention". Dialogues –			
"Imagine you are a policeman and			
give advice to an ordinary citizen			
on safeguarding mobile phones			
while driving"			
Topic 14. Law enforcement bodies	4	2	1, 2, 6, 7
<i>in the USA</i> . Academic vocabulary			
– What agencies in the USA can			
exercise law-enforcement powers?			
Could a society exist without law-			
enforcement agencies? Reading -			
"Law-enforcement Agencies in the			
USA" Speaking - "Federal Bureau			
of Investigation", "United States			
Department of Homeland			
Security". Dialogues - "The			
process of hiring FBI agents".			
Writing – Prepare a report on "The structure of law-enforcement			
agencies in the USA"			

Topic 15. <i>Revision of tenses in the Active voice.</i>	4	2	4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11
Total hours/semester:	60	30	

Distribution Directed study		rs Self-	Learning resources
Directed study	y	Self-	
	Directed study		
		directed	
os Practicals	Labe	study	
	Labs	1	1, 2, 3, 6, 7
4		4	1, 2, 3, 0, 7
4		4	1, 2, 3, 6, 7
		4	4 5 9 9 10 11
4		4	4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11
1		Λ	1, 2, 3, 6, 7
		4	1, 2, 3, 0, 7
	es Practicals 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4	

function of a crime laboratory			
function of a crime laboratory.			
Dialogues – Testimonial evidence.			
Why do victims not report their			
crimes to the police? Writing –			
Write a report having the list of			
objects which are related to the			
crime reported.			
Topic 5. Investigators, detectives.	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
<i>Identification methods</i> . Academic	•	-	-, -, -, -, -
vocabulary – What types of			
evidence do you know? What are			
the essential qualities of a			
successful investigator? Reading -			
• •			
"Investigators, Detectives.			
Identification Methods" (Speaking			
- Types of evidence at the scene of			
a crime. Methods of identification.			
Professional qualities of an			
investigator. Discussion – What			
makes an investigator? Listening -			
"Psychological types of witnesses".			
Dialogues – Give instructions to			
the young specialist how he should			
carry out an interrogation and what			
he shouldn't do to get necessary			
information. Writing – Write a			
report "Famous detectives in			
fiction".			
Topic 6. Continuous Passive	4	4	4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11
Tense forms. Formation. Use.			
Topic 7. Criminal	4	4	1, 2, 3, 6, 7
procedure. Academic vocabulary –			
What are the main steps in criminal			
procedure? What is the difference			
1			
between 'arrest' or 'apprehension'			
between 'arrest' or 'apprehension' and 'detention'? Why are the			
and 'detention'? Why are the			
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called			
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'?			
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings"			
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal			
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not			
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity".			
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense			
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council.			1267
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. Criminal trial in the	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. <i>Criminal trial in the</i> <i>USA</i> . Academic vocabulary –	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. <i>Criminal trial in the</i> <i>USA</i> . Academic vocabulary – Stages of a criminal trial. Parties to	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. <i>Criminal trial in the</i> <i>USA</i> . Academic vocabulary – Stages of a criminal trial. Parties to a trial. Reading - "Trial"	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. Criminal trial in the USA. Academic vocabulary – Stages of a criminal trial. Parties to a trial. Reading - "Trial" Discussion – The role of prosecutor	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. <i>Criminal trial in the</i> <i>USA</i> . Academic vocabulary – Stages of a criminal trial. Parties to a trial. Reading - "Trial" Discussion – The role of prosecutor (defense council) at trial. Reaching	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. <i>Criminal trial in the</i> <i>USA</i> . Academic vocabulary – Stages of a criminal trial. Parties to a trial. Reading - "Trial" Discussion – The role of prosecutor (defense council) at trial. Reaching a jury's verdict. Dialogues – At a	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. Criminal trial in the USA. Academic vocabulary – Stages of a criminal trial. Parties to a trial. Reading - "Trial" Discussion – The role of prosecutor (defense council) at trial. Reaching a jury's verdict. Dialogues – At a trial. Writing – Do research on	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. Criminal trial in the USA. Academic vocabulary – Stages of a criminal trial. Parties to a trial. Reading - "Trial" Discussion – The role of prosecutor (defense council) at trial. Reaching a jury's verdict. Dialogues – At a trial. Writing – Do research on "Typical Trial in Ukraine".			
 and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. <i>Criminal trial in the USA</i>. Academic vocabulary – Stages of a criminal trial. Parties to a trial. Reading - "Trial" Discussion – The role of prosecutor (defense council) at trial. Reaching a jury's verdict. Dialogues – At a trial. Writing – Do research on "Typical Trial in Ukraine". Topic 9. <i>Perfect and Perfect-</i> 	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11
and 'detention'? Why are the police officers sometimes called 'aggressive preventive patrol'? Reading- "Criminal Proceedings" Speaking – A scheme of criminal justice process. Listening- "Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity". Writing – The role of a defense council. Topic 8. Criminal trial in the USA. Academic vocabulary – Stages of a criminal trial. Parties to a trial. Reading - "Trial" Discussion – The role of prosecutor (defense council) at trial. Reaching a jury's verdict. Dialogues – At a trial. Writing – Do research on "Typical Trial in Ukraine".			

Topic 10. Types of punishment.	4	4	1, 2, 3, 6, 7
Academic vocabulary – What types			
of punishment do you know?			
Which of them can be found in			
Ukraine? What punishment do you			
consider to be the least/most			
severe? Reading - "Types of			
Punishment" Role-play: Student A			
is a police officer and Student B is			
a suspect. Listening- "Goals of			
Criminal Punishment". Dialogues.			
Topic 11. Capital punishment.	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
Academic vocabulary – Agree or			
disagree: Prisons will never be			
empty; The debate about capital			
punishment will never finish; Let			
the punishment fit the crime.			
Reading - "Capital Punishment"			
Speaking – Methods of execution;			
History of debate; Countries that			
retain the death penalty. Dialogues			
– FOR and AGAINST death			
penalty. Writing – Do researches			
on "Current Executions".			
Topic 12. The use of sentences in	4	4	4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11
the passive state. Features of			
functioning of intransitive verbs			
as a part of passive constructions.			
Peculiarities of translation of			
sentences with a verb in the passive			
voice into the Ukrainian language.			
Revision of tenses in the Passive			
voice.			
Topic 13. Firearm enhancement	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
for felonies. Academic vocabulary			
– What kind of penalty			
enhancement is applied for the			
offender's use of a firearm in the			
commission of an offence? What is			
sentencing? Reading 1 -			
"Sentencing Procedures in			
Criminal Cases" Reading 2 -			
"Probation" Discussion –			
Limitations on probation.			
Listening- "The difference between			
parole and probation". Dialogues.			
Writing – Write a survey report 1)			
"Sentencing Procedures in			
Criminal Cases and Firearm			
Enhancement for Felonies". 2)			
"Probation and Parole".			
			1 2 6 7
Topic 14. Constitutional rights of the accused Beeding	4	4	1, 2, 6, 7
the accused. Reading -			
"Constitutional Rights of the			
Accused Persons" Discussion – Tell your partner about the rights of			
	1 1		

the accused. Listening - "Review on the Appeal".Writing – Write a survey report on the constitutional rights of accused persons in the USA.			
Topic 15. Sequence of tenses.	4	4	4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11
Direct/indirect speech.			
Total hours/semester:	60	60	
Total hours/academic year:	120	90	

4. TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS

MLOs	Teaching methods (directed study)	Hours	Learning methods (self-directed study)	Hours
1	Brainstorming, solving crosswords, talk-shows, pair- work, case studies	10	Reading, information search, compiling legal terms vocabularies	40
2	Role-playing, group discussions/debates	10	Opinion polls	10
3	Making story maps/KWL charts, text structuring and retelling, quizzes, preparing article abstracts	10	Literature review	40
4	Case studies, round-the-table discussions, brainstorming, role playing	20	Questionnaires preparation	20
5	Preparing written reports/legal documents/business letters, peer conferencing, color coding, dealing with mentor texts	10	Business letters review, creating posts, written translation	40

5. ASSESSMENT

5.1. Diagnostic assessment

5.2. Summative assessment

5.2.1. Intended learning outcomes methods:

No	Summative assessment methods	Grades	Deadline
	III semester		
1.	End-of-unit test	30 (6 x 5)	2,4,6,8,10,12,14 weeks
2.	Mid-term written test	10	8 week
3.	Mid-term oral test	10	8 week
4.	Essay	20 (4 x 5)	4, 8, 12, 15 week
5.	Case study	20 (2 x 10)	5 week 9 week
6.	End-of-semester written test	10	15 week
	IV semester		
1.	End-of-unit test	30 (6 x 5)	2,4,6,8,10,12,14 weeks
2.	Essay	20 (4 x 5)	4, 8, 12, 15 week
3.	Mid-term written test	10	8 week

4.	Mid-term oral test	10	8 week
5.	End-of-semester written examination	30	15 week

5.2.2. Grading criteria

Summative	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Excellent
assessment				
method				
End-of-unit test	<5	5-6	7-8	9-10
	<60% correct	60-74% correct	75-89% correct	90-100% correct
				answers
	answers	answers	answers	
Mid-term written	<5	5-6	7-8	9-10
test	<5	5-0	/-0	90-100% correct
	<60% correct	60-74% correct	75-89% correct	answers
	answers	answers	answers	answers
Mid-term oral	<5	5-6	7-8	9-10
test	No subject-verb	Some subjects	Subjects	Consistent
	agreement; no	agreed with	generally agreed	subject-verb
	verbs conjugated	verbs; some verbs	with verbs;	agreement;
	correctly. Few or	were correctly	verbs generally	consistent and
	no vocabulary	conjugated. Some	conjugated in	logical
	words from the	vocabulary words	appropriate past	conjugation of
	semester were	from the semester	tense (preterit or	verbs, including
	used.	were used.	imperfect).	expression in the
	Pronunciation was	Student's	Many	past (preterit and
	very difficult to	pronunciation was	vocabulary	imperfect).
	understand;	difficult to	words from the	Extensive and
	searched for	understand, but	semester were	creative use of
	words with many	effort made.	used. Student's	semester
	starts and stops.	Student had	pronunciation	vocabulary.
	Student was	difficulty	was	Student's
	unable to express	expressing ideas	understandable	pronunciation was
	ideas fluently;	fluently.	with some	understandable
	many pauses or		errors. Student	with a few errors.
	breaks.		was able to	Student was able
			express ideas	to communicate
			fluently with	clearly with no
			little difficulty.	difficulty.
Essay	2	3	4	5
	Piece had no style	Piece had little	Piece was	Piece was written
	or voice. Gives no	style or voice.	written in an	in an
	new information	Gives some new	interesting style	extraordinary
	and very poorly	information but	and voice.	style and voice.
	organized. Ideas	poorly organized.	Somewhat	Very informative
	are vague or	Ideas are too	informative and	and well-
	unclear. So many	general. A	organized.	organized.
	spelling,	number of	Presents ideas in	Presents ideas in
	punctuation and	spelling,	a consistent	an original
	grammatical errors	punctuation or	manner. Few	manner. Virtually
	that it interferes	grammatical	spelling and	no spelling,
		errors.	punctuation	punctuation or
	with the meaning.		errors, minor	

			grammatical errors.	grammatical errors.
Case study	<5 Does not apply the unit principles and material as called for in the case study. Does not address the relevant issues posed by the case study. You fail to make any important points and analyze the material presented in the unit and case study. You fail to make your point, and do not use the concepts, theories and material presented in the unit. Themes and concepts are not integrated and incorporated to support the thesis. Concepts are not presented as a whole	5-6 Applies unit material with gaps in information. Addresses some of the issues covered in unit and called for in the assignment instructions, Some important points are addressed, but not fully covered. You made some points, but they were not logically related to the case itself. 50% of the themes and concepts throughout the paper are integrated and incorporated to support the thesis. 50% of concepts are presented as a whole.	7-8 Applies unit material with some logical order of ideas, with minimal gaps in information Substantially addresses issues covered in unit and called for in the assignment instructions, and is supported by text and/or other literature. Important points are presented while unnecessary content is left out. You make your point, but could present more logically. Points are supported by evidence and research. Various themes and concepts throughout the paper are integrated and incorporated to form strong support for the thesis. Concepts, overall, are presented as a whole.	9-10 Applies unit material with logical order of ideas, with no gaps in information. Completely addresses the concepts, theories and material issues covered in unit and called for in the assignment instructions, and is supported by text and/or other literature. Best and most applicable points are presented while unnecessary content is left out. Points are logical and well supported by evidence and research. Various themes and concepts throughout the paper are integrated and incorporated to for the thesis. Concepts are not presented independently of one another, but as part of a whole.
End-of-semester written test	<5 <60% correct answers	5-6 60-74% correct answers	7-8 75-89% correct answers	9-10 90-100% correct answers
End-of-semester written examination	<18 <60% correct answers	18-21 60-74% correct answers	22-26 75-89% correct answers	27-30 90-100% correct answers

5.3. Formative assessment

Formative exercises are designed to enable students to develop particular aspects of their learning, prior to summative assessments. Formative exercises are designed to help students use feedback and self-reflection to manage and develop their learning so that they can see how to improve their work.

No	Formative Assessment elements	Date				
	III semester					
1.	Written vocabulary test on completion topics 1-3, 4-6, 7-9, 10-12, 13-15, 16-18	Every two weeks				
2.	Grammar tests (error detection / correction, true / false / not given, matching / multiple matching, multiple choice)	Every week				
3.	Oral presentations (discussions, debates, negotiations, presentations, messages, news) and teacher's feedback	Every week				
4.	Self- and peer assessment	Every week				
5.	Written feedback on essays	During a week after submission				
6.	Discussion and self-correction	Every week				
7.	Assessing business/academic writing skills	Every month				
	IV semester					
1.	Written vocabulary test on completion topics 1-3, 4-6, 7-9, 10-12, 13-15, 16-18	Every two weeks				
2.	Grammar tests (error detection / correction, true / false / not given, matching / multiple matching, multiple choice)	Every week				
3.	Oral presentations (discussions, debates, negotiations) and teacher's feedback	Every week				
4.	Self- and peer assessment	Every week				
5.	Written feedback on essays	During a week after submission				
6.	Discussion and self-correction	Every week				
7.	Assessing business/academic writing skills	Every month				

Self-assessment can be used both an element of formative and summative assessment.

6. LEARNING RESOURCES

6.1. Key resources

- 1. Legal English: навч. посіб. для студентів закл. вищої освіти спец. «Право» / [В.П.Сімонок, С.С.Микитюк, О.І.Зелінська та ін.]; за заг. ред. В.П.Сімонок, О.Ю.Кузнецової; Нац. юрид. ун-т ім. Ярослава Мудрого. 2-ге вид., перероб. і допов. Харків: Право, 2021. 332 с.
- 2. Competence in English: типові тестові завдання: навч.-практ. посіб. / уклад.: О.Ю.Кузнєцова, Л.О.Голубнича, Т.П.Бесараб та ін. Харків: Право, 2018. 172 с.
- Завдання з англійської мови студентам-юристам для аудиторної та самостійної роботи: навч. посіб. / Т.В.Мельнікова, С.С.Микитюк, Т.Ю. Мороз та ін.; за заг. ред. В.П.Сімонок. – Харків: Право, 2021. – 122 с.
- 4. Legal path : навч.-практ. посіб. / [уклад.: О. Ю. Кузнецова, Л. О. Голубнича, Т. П. Бесараб та ін.]. 2-ге вид., перероб. і допов. Харків : Право, 2021. 232 с.
- Amy Krois-Lindner, Matt Firth. Introduction to International Legal English. A course for classroom or self-study use. Student's Book. – Cambridge University Press, University Printing House, Cambridge CB2 8BS, United Kingdom. 2012. – 160 p.
- 6. Jenny Dooley, Virginia Evans. Grammarway 4. Express Publishing. 2019. 272 p.

6.2. Guidelines

7. Рідель Т.М. Англо-український словник-мінімум юридичної термінології. – Суми: СНАУ, 2018. – 60 ст.

8. Рідель Т.М. Українсько-англійський словник-мінімум юридичної термінології. – Суми: СНАУ, 2019. – 62 ст.

6.3. Additional resources

- 9. Murphy R. English Grammar in Use 5th. Cambridge University Press, 2022. URL: <u>https://books-here.com/english-grammar-in-use-5th-ed/</u>
- 10. Jenny Doodley, Virginia Evans. Grammarway 3. Express Publishing, 2019.
- 11. Посібник для підготовки до ЗНО з англійської мови до магістратури. Спеціальність Право / за заг. Ред. В.П.Сімонок. Харків: Право, 2018. 88 с.
- 12. Website of NATO https://www.nato.int
- 13. Website of OSCE https://www.osce.org
- 14. Website of United Nations URL : <u>https://www.un.org.en</u>
- 15. Website of EU regulations URL: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html
- 16. The International Court of Justice (ICJ). URL: https://www.icj-cij.org/en/court

6.4. Computer Applications and soft

Рецензія на робочу програму (силабус) Legal English (Second year of study)

Параметр, за яким оцінюється робоча програма (сялабус) освітнього компонента гарантом або членом проєктної групи	Так	Hi	Коментар
Результати навчания за осветным компонентом (ДРН) воложелають НРК	V		
Репультата вавчания за освітнім компонентом (ДРН) відпавідають передбаченим ПРН (для обов'язкових ОК)	V		
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом дають можливість виміряти та оцінити рівень їх досягнення	V		0

Член проектної групи ОП <u>«Міжнародне право»</u> (назва)

<u>Н.О.Петрова</u> (ПІБ)

відвовідної кафедря		
Загальна інформація про освітній компонент є достатньово	V	
Репультати навчаных за освітнім компонентом (ДРН) відповідность НРК.	V	
Репультатие навучание за освітнім компонентом (ДРН) дають можливність вимерити та оцінити рівень їх досягнення	V	
Ресультати вызывая (ДРН) стосуються компетентностей студенти, а не выстудаєщитини (містять знання, уміння, навички, в не тами навчильної програмя дисципліни)	V	
Змат СК святикано в для дно до структурно-логічної схеми	V	
Наячальна актовнысть (жетода викладання та навчання) дає змогу студентих досягих виступенних результатів навчання (ДРН)	V	
Осватный компонент передбичае навчання через дослідження, що є докальних та достатніх для каложідного рівня вищої освіти	V	
Стрателія одникання в межах освотнього компонента відповідає політина. Унимеронтету факультету	V	
Передбачені метода одінозвання дляковноть оцінкти ступінь досялисния результалів ванчання за ослітнім компленнтом	V	
Наваетскизная студентів є адекватних обсяту освітнього компонента	V	
Рекомендовані наячальні ресурся є достатніми для досягнення результатів наячання (ДРЕ)	V	
Література є актуальніко	V	
Перелік навчальних ресурся містить необщині для посятнення ДРН програмні продукти	V	1/1

Рецензент викладач кафедри <u>воземляют мов</u> (вства) (посада, ПІБ)

шис)