MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE SUMY NATIONAL AGRARIAN UNIVERSITY

Foreign Languages Department Faculty of Biology and Technology

MODULE SYLLABUS

LEGAL ENGLISH

(compulsory)

Implemented in the "International law" Academic Program

Area of specialization 293 "International law"

at the first (bachelor's) level of higher education

professor at Foreign Languag Module syllabus agreed at	
the Foreign Languages Department meeting	Minutes No 12 dated June 5, 2023
	Head of Foreign Languages Department PhD in Pedagogical Sciences, Associate professor Tetiana KLOCHKO
Approved by:	ogram Alona KLOCHKO
Sources of the Academic pr	Alona KLOCHKO
Pean of the Faculty	Oleh ROHOVENKO
Syllabos review (attached) is j	(Natalia PETROVA) (Tetiana KLOCHKOVA)
logresomative of the Departm Ranking and accrecitation	ent of Education Quality Scurance N Barania
ingratored in electronic data b	ase <u>22, 06</u> 2023

Syllabus review data:

Academic	A andomia program	Change	s revised and approved	
year in which changes are made	Academic program attachment number with changes description	Minutes No and date of the department meeting	Head of Department	Guarantor of the Academic program

1. MODULE OVERVIEW

1	Title	Lacal Ex	aliah				
1. 2.		Legal En		ry/Eorgian Lang	un gas		
3.	Faculty/Department			gy/ Foreign Langu	uages		
	Type (compulsory or optional)	compulso	•				
4.	Program(s) to which			ternational Law"			
	module is attached (to be	Area of sp	pecialization 2	293 "Internationa	l Law"		
	filled in for compulsory						
<u> </u>	types)						
5.	Module can be suggested	-					
	for (to be filled in for						
6.	optional types) Level of the National	The first (hashalor's) la	val of higher adv	partian NOE 6th laval		
0.		The first (bachelor s) le	vei of nigher edu	cation, NQF - 6th level		
7.	Qualifications Framework Semester and duration of	Leamasta	r, week 1-15				
/.	module		er, week 1-15				
8.	ECTS credits number	7	1, week 1-13				
9.	Total workload and time	/	Directed st	udv	Self-directed study		
'.	allotment - 210	Lectures	Practicals	Labs	Den ancerea staay		
	unotinent 210	-	60/60	-	30/60		
10.	Language of instruction	English	00,00		0 0,00		
11.	Module leader		idel. PhD in	Pedagogical Sc	iences, Ass.professor, Ass		
		prof. at the Foreign Languages department					
		-	_		lay, 12:30-2:00 p.m., room		
		301 (main	building)	•	-		
12.	Module leader contact	tridel@uk	r.net				
	information						
13.	Module description				n to language learning. The		
					lish comes to the fore. The		
					is based on the theory of		
					he task of the module is to		
					f Legal English in various		
		* -			of topics due to professional information from foreign		
				-	lialogic speech within the		
					d professional topics; to		
					language texts of general		
					abstract and annotate socio-		
			-		the native and the English		
		languages	-		. 6		
14.	Module aim			ed at developir	ng students general and		
				-	ve speech competencies		
		(linguistic	, sociolinguis	stic and pragmat	ic) to provide them with a		
		reliable tool for effective communication in the field of					
		internatio					
15.	Module Dependencies	_		•	ge and skills of General		
	(prerequisites, co-	_		•	on European Framework of		
	requisites,			•	e of the school program),		
	incompatible modules)		_	_	categorical apparatus and		
		adequate	understanding	g of sources and o	developed cognitive skills.		

		T =
		Co-requisites are General Theory of Law, Comparative Law,
		Comparative Constitutional and Administrative Law, Comparative
		Civil Law.
16.	The policy of academic integrity	The following forms of academic dishonesty (academic integrity violation) are distinguished between copying; submitting another person's work as your own or submitting another person's work without proper citation; unauthorized test possession, purchase, or supplying; ghosting; altering exams or assignments; improper use of technology; facilitating academic dishonesty by others; submitting work previously used without permission; unauthorized collaboration; unauthorized use of study aids. Depending on the nature of the violation, the teacher will assign
		one of the following penalties:
		Copying
		- reduced exam or assignment grade to 0 for assignment or exam
		Cheating
		- requiring the student to redo the assignment for a reduced grade
		- assigning the student a failing grade for the assignment
		Information Falsification or Fabrication
		-verbal or written reprimand
		-reduction in course grade
		-failure (no credit) or reduction in grade given for paper, exam, or
		assignment without privilege of make-up
		Deception
		-a mark of zero (0) should be awarded for the assessment in which
		the deception was found to occur
		Facilitating academic dishonesty
		-reduced assignment grade for what the student submitted -a mark of zero (0) for assignment student submitted
		-reduced grade in module
		Plagiarism 1.16 (1.11)
		-a mark of zero (0) should be awarded for the assessment in which
		the plagiarism was found to occur
		-rewriting a paper; retaking an exam, test, or quiz; or redoing an
		assignment
		-reduction in course grade; failure (no credit); or reduction in grade
		given for paper, exam, or assignment without privilege of make-up
		-if this penalty does not result in the failure of the module, the
		module mark obtained for the module should be further reduced by
17	T . 1 . M. II	10% of the maximum available mark.
17.	Link in Moodle	https://cdn.snau.edu.ua/moodle/course/view.php?id=3767

2. CORRELATION BETWEEN MODULE LEARNING OUTCOMES (MLOs) AND PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES (PLOs) $\,$

MLOs:		PLOs				How assessed
On	PLOs 7	PLOs 12	PLOs 13	PLOs 14	PLOs 15	
successful						
completion						
of the						
module the						
learner will						
be able to:						
MLOs 1.						Case study

Search for						
specific						
information	X	X		X	X	
using the						
library						
catalog,						
directories,						
dictionaries,						
the Internet;						
make						
predictions						
using the						
keys given;						
generalize,						
paraphrase						
and						
synthesize						
personal						
ideas.						5.
MLOs 2.						Dictation
Listening						(gap-filling:
Comprehend						open/banked;
and						table
understand						completion)
audio texts						
different in	X	X	X	X		End-of-unit
content,						test
linguistic						
composition						
and time on						
the subjects						
taught by the						
module.						
MLOs 3.						Essay
Reading						Listy
Critically						End-of-year
analyze						written test
English texts						Willen test
of general and						
professional						
content,						
summarize,						
paraphrase	* 7	* ***	T T			
and	X	X	X			
synthesize						
ideas from						
different						
types of						
texts, apply						
this						
knowledge						
in practical						
situations.						
Search,						
process and						
Process and						

1					I	T 1
analyze						
information						
from						
various legal						
English-						
language						
sources.						
MLOs 4.						Oral test
Speaking						
and						
vocabulary						
Use basic						
legal						
vocabulary						
to take part						
in						
discussions,						
debates,						
negotiations	T 7	T 7	T 7	•	•	
within the	X	X	X	X	X	
scope of the						
topics taught						
reacting to						
opponent's						
view,						
expressing						
personal						
opinions.						
MLOs 5.						Written test
Writing						(multiple
Write clear,						choice;
logical texts						multiple
of different						matching;
linguistic						error
styles,						detection
generate						/correction;
English-	X	X	X		X	open-ended
language	1	1.	1.		4.1	questions)
information						questions)
content on a						
given topic						
using available as						
well as						
mandatory						
sources of						
information.						

3. MODULE INDICATIVE CONTENT

<u>I semester</u>

	Distribution of hours			Learning resources	
Topics	Directed study			Self-	
			directed		
			study		
	Lectures	Practicals	Labs		

·			
Topic 1. Modern Legal Systems.	4	2	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Reading - "Legal systems of the			
world". Speaking - "Characterize			
the four legal systems on the basis			
of the given criteria". Dialogues -			
"Stating your plans and intentions			
for making improvements in			
keeping law and order in Ukraine".			
Writing – Essay "Pros and cons of			
a given legal system".			
Topic 2. The History of Law. Law	4	2	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
and Society. Reading - "What is	*	2	1, 2, 3, 0, 7, 8
law?" Speaking - "Profile the legal			
systems of any two countries you			
choose which follow traditions in			
law" Dialogues - "Discuss the			
future prospects of anarchism in			
the modern world". Writing – ID.			4 10 11 12
Topic 3. Definite and indefinite	2	1	4, 10, 11, 13
article. The use of articles with			
common, substantive, abstract,			
collective nouns, proper names.			
Use of articles with countable and			
uncountable nouns. Use of articles			
with nouns in set expressions.			
Topic 4. Evolution of Law.	4	2	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Reading - "Roman Law". Role-			
play - "Why do students all over			
the world study Roman law			
today?" Listening - "What is the			
contribution of Roman civilization			
into the world culture"			
Topic 5. Anglo-Saxon Law.	4	2	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Reading 1 - "Anglo-Saxon Law"	•	2	1, 2, 3, 0, 7, 0
Reading 2 - "Law in Ancient			
Greece" Speaking - "The common			
stereotypes of ancient Romans'			
way of life". Dialogues - "The			
quality of life for most people in			
ancient Rome".		4	4 10 11 12
Topic 6. Structure of a simple	2	1	4, 10, 11, 13
English sentence. Classification of			
simple sentences by purpose and			
method of expression. Types of			
sentences (declarative,			
interrogative, imperative,			
exclamatory).			
Topic 7. Sources of Modern Law.	4	2	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Legislation. Statutes. Reading 1 -			
"Statute" Reading 2 - "Statutes free			
on web" Role play - "The greater			
number of laws and enactments,			
the more thieves and robbers there			
will be". Listening - "The USA is			
the greatest law factory the world			
has ever known".			

Topic 8. Case Law. Judicial	4	2	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Precedent. Reading - "Judicial			
Precedent" Speaking -			
"Advantages and disadvantages of			
judicial precedent". Writing -			
"Describe the process of making			
laws in your country. What are the			
strengths and weaknesses of the			
process?"; "Explain to a student			
from a different jurisdiction how			
cases are used and recorded in your			
legal system".			
	2	1	4, 10, 11, 13
Topic 9. Types of questions		1	4, 10, 11, 13
(General, Special, Tag and			
Alternative).	4		1 2 5 6 7 9
Topic 10. Training Lawyers in	4	2	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Ukraine. Reading - "Legal			
Education in Ukraine" Speaking –			
"Some people believe that			
university students should be			
required to attend all the classes.			
Others believe that going to class			
should be optional. Which point of			
view do you agree with?" Listening			
- "A level of education defines			
future life of a person".			
Topic 11. Training Lawyers in the	4	2	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
USA and the UK. Reading -			
"Training Lawyers in the UK and			
in the USA" Speaking -			
"Admission criteria and financing			
law degrees in the US and			
Ukraine". Dialogues - "Applying to			
US law school". Writing - "Every			
lawyer and law student has at least			
one funny story about law school.			
Love it or hate it, law school leaves			
indelible impressions on our			
psyches. Write your story".			
Topic 12. Word Order. Direct and	2	1	4, 10, 11, 13
indirect word order. Subject. Ways	4	1	1, 10, 11, 13
of expression. Predicate. Types of			
predicate (simple verbal,			
compound) Ways of expression			
compound). Ways of expression.	A.		1 2 5 6 7 9
Topic 13. Legal Profession.	4	2	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Reading - "Legal Profession in			
Ukraine" Speaking – "Legal			
organizations of Ukraine, their			
functions and aims". Listening			
"ELSA Ukraine – join today!"			
Dialogues - "Discuss your future			
career in pairs giving reasons for			
your decisions". Writing – "Give			
some advice to your friend who is			
going to become a lawyer";			
			

	1	T T	1
"Consider the areas of			
specialization which you would			
choose, or have chosen, and why?"			
Topic 14. Spheres of Law.	4	2	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Reading 1 - "Spheres of Law"			
Speaking - "Characteristics of			
different law spheres". Reading 2 –			
"The Main Areas of Ukrainian			
Legislation". Dialogues - "Why do			
we have laws?", "Do you think all			
laws are good?", "Would you like			
to be a lawmaker?" Writing -			
"Important and complex legal			
issues raised in Ukraine during last			
year"; "Write a brief note about			
what sphere of law you would			
prefer to practice in, point out			
advantages and disadvantages of			
being a practitioner in this field".			
Law quiz.			
Topic 15. Noun. General	2	1	4, 10, 11, 13
characteristics of nouns.			
Morphological composition of			
nouns. Classification of nouns.			
Categories of gender and number.			
General and possessive cases of the			
noun. The main ways of forming			
plural nouns and their phonetic			
characteristics. Rules of spelling of			
plural nouns.			
•	4	2	1 2 2
Topic 16. Legislative and	4	4	1, 2, 3
executive power in Ukraine. The			
Verkhovna Rada. The President			
and government. Vocabulary –			
What do you know about the			
Ukrainian parliament, the			
Verkhovna Rada? Where is its			
seat? How many chambers does it			
have? How many deputies are			
there? What are the functions of the			
Verkhovna Rada? How often are			
Ukrainian MPs elected? Reading 1			
- "The Grand Lawmaking			
Assembly" Reading 2 -			
"Obligations and Limitations on			
the VR of Ukraine" Reading 3 -			
"President and His Team"			
Listening - "The Way Bills			
Become Law in Ukraine".			
Dialogues. Writing – Writing a			
discursive essay about the VR of			
Ukraine.			1 2 2
Topic 17. Legislative and	4	2	1, 2, 3
executive power in Great Britain			
(Parliament. Monarch.			
Government.) and the USA			

(Congress. President.				
Government.) Vocabulary - What				
branches of power can you think				
of? What are the functions of each				
of the branches of power? What do				
you know about the British				
Parliament? Where is its seat? How				
many chambers does it have? How				
many Members of Parliament are				
there in each of them? What are the				
functions of the chambers? How do				
they make laws? How do they				
control the government? Reading 1				
- "The System of Checks and				
Balances" Reading 2 - "The				
System of Government in Britain"				
Speaking - "Compare and contrast				
the systems of government in the				
USA and the UK". Dialogues -				
"Compare the structure and the				
scope of power of parliaments in				
the USA and the UK",				
"Differences between two				
chambers of the Congress".				
Writing - "Advantages and				
disadvantages of the British				
parliamentary system". Writing an				
opinion essay.				
Topic 18. Adjective. Degrees of		2	1	4, 10, 11, 13
comparison. Ways of forming the				
degrees of comparison of some				
adjectives. Spelling rules.				
Total hours/semester:	6	0	30	

	<u>I</u>	<u>II semester</u>				
	I	Distribution	of hou	ırs	Learning resources	
Topics	Dir	ected study	7	Self-		
				directed		
				study		
	Lectures	Practicals	Labs			
Topic 1. The Nature of		4		3	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8	
Constitutional Law. Vocabulary –						
Constitution. Reading						
"Constitutional Law: Outline of						
History and Development"						
Speaking – 1) Motives for seeking						
the definition of constitutional law.						
2) Why is this field of law broad						
and complex? Listening -						
"Influence of constitutional						
differences". Speaking - "Express						
your ideas as for Aristotle's belief						
of the best form of the						
constitution"; "How does						
constitutional meaning shift with						

other changes in political structure				
(in cultural norms)". Writing –				
Representation.				
Topic 2. The Constitution of	4		1	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Ukraine. Vocabulary –	7		•	1, 2, 3, 0, 7, 0
Constitution of Ukraine. Reading -				
"History of Constitution of				
Ukraine" Speaking – Reconstruct				
the situation of the meeting of the				
Cabinet of Ministers (let the				
"secretary" announce the results of				
approving or rejecting the point).				
Listening - "The system of judicial				
power in Ukraine". Speaking -				
"The smallest minority on earth is				
the individual"; "Those who deny				
individual rights cannot claim to be				
defenders of minority". Writing –				
"How the Constitution can be				
amended".				
Topic 3. Degrees of comparison	2		3	4, 10, 11, 13
of adjectives. Ways to express the	_			, -, , -
comparison of adjectives with the				
same and less quality.				
Enhancement of comparison.				
Topic 4. Constitutional Law in the	4		3	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
<i>UK and the USA</i> . Vocabulary –				
outline, theorist, signature, unit,				
derive, exist, Lord-Chancellor, The				
Supreme Court, Royal assent,				
Secretary of State. Reading -				
"Constitutional Law in the UK and				
the USA" Speaking – Separation of				
Powers. Listening - "Constitutional				
rights". Dialogues. Writing –				
Expressing personal opinions.				
Topic 5. Types and Functions of	4	4	4	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
<i>Constitutions.</i> Vocabulary – What				
is the role of Constitution in				
establishing state and legal				
structure; human rights; legal				
procedures? Reading -				
"Constitutional Law: Types and				
Functions of Constitutions"				
Dialogues – The main functions of				
the Constitution. Discussion – How				
does the existence of the				
constitution confirm the words of				
Abraham Lincoln: "No man is				
good enough to govern another				
man without that other's consent"?				
Writing – Prepare a written				
comment on the meaning of the word "liberty" according to the				
saying by Friedrich Hayek.				
saying by Pheuren Hayek.				

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Topic 6. <i>Adverb</i> . Classification.	2	3	4, 10, 11, 13
Formation. Degrees of comparison.			
Topic 7. The Nature of	4	3	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Administrative Law. Vocabulary –			
What sphere of law does			
administrative law belong to? What			
is the main task of administrative			
law? What administrative bodies			
can you think of? Reading -			
"Administrative Law" Speaking –			
Speak on administrative law, its			
notions and functions. Dialogues –			
Major directions of the			
Administrative and Civil law			
reforms. Writing – Writing about			
state government.			
Topic 8. Administrative Law in	4	4	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
the UK and the USA. Vocabulary			
– What can influence the system of			
Administrative Law of a particular			
country? Does the system of			
administrative law of a common			
law country differ from that one in			
the civil law country? Reading -			
"Administrative Law in the USA"			
Speaking – Administrative law			
terms. Discussion – Compare the			
administrative system in Ukraine			
and that of the USA. Find all			
similar and different points.			
Writing – Administrative bodies:			
their tasks and duties. Judicial			
review – what is it? Actions of			
executive agencies in the			
Administrative Procedure Act.			
Over to you - Administrative Law			
Quiz.			
Topic 9. <i>Numeral</i> . Classification.	2	3	4, 10, 11, 13
Formation of cardinal and ordinal		3	1, 10, 11, 13
numerals. Features of formation			
and use of fractional numerals.			
Chronological dates and time.			
Topic 10. Administrative justice.	4	3	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
Vocabulary – What is the task of		3	1, 4, 5, 0, 7, 0
administrative judiciary? What			
powers does it have? Reading -			
"Administrative Justice" Speaking			
 Administrative justice 'Speaking' Administrative justice terms. 			
Possible improvements of the			
Administrative Law Infringement			
Code. Listening - "Administrative			
Reform". Writing – The authority of administrative agencies;			
Administrative law in common law			
countries; administrative			
governmental bodies.			

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Topic 11. Customs Law of	4		4	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8
<i>Ukraine</i> . Vocabulary – Customs				
declaration form. Reading -				
"Ukrainian Customs Law"				
Speaking – Customs legal terms.				
Dialogues – Each pair should				
consist of a "smuggler" and a				
"customs officer". The "customs				
officer" questions "smuggler" to				
establish the truth. Writing – A				
short composition describing your				
visit to the custom-house and the				
prevailing atmosphere using active				
vocabulary.				
Topic 12. <i>Pronoun</i> . Classification.	2		3	4, 10, 11, 13
Subordinate and coordinate	2		3	7, 10, 11, 13
conjunctions.				
3	4		2	1 2 2
Topic 13. Self-government in	4		3	1, 2, 3
Ukraine. Vocabulary – What is				
representative democracy? What is				
self-government? Reading - "Local				
Government" Speaking – Basic				
forms of democracy. The way				
public will may be exercised. The				
notion of self-government. The				
main functions of the local self-				
government. The form of city				
government. Dialogues – What				
form of democracy is more				
widespread and why; your				
viewpoint to its efficiency.				
Listening - "Exchange". Writing –				
If you were the head of State what				
functions you would add to local				
governments.				
Topic 14. Local Authorities in the	4		4	1, 2, 3
UK and the USA. Vocabulary – Is				
the local government concerned				
with the country as a whole? What				
is the jurisdiction of local				
government? Reading - "Local				
Authorities in Great Britain and in				
the USA" Speaking – Kinds of				
decisions local authorities take;				
The pattern of local government in				
Britain; The local governmental				
entities in the USA. Dialogues				
_				
between a mayor and a councilor (Great Britain); between the				
inhabitants of Virginia and				
Pennsylvania (the USA). Writing –				
A report "The Powers of the				
Councilors", "The City Manager				
Plan", "The Powers of the				
Governors".				

Tonio 15 Model works Conorel	2	3	4 10 11 12
Topic 15. <i>Modal verbs</i> . General	2	3	4, 10, 11, 13
characteristics. Meaning.			
Peculiarities of functioning.			
Equivalents.	4		1 2 2
Topic 16. Political Parties and	4	4	1, 2, 3
Elections in Ukraine. Vocabulary			
- voluntary, suffrage, precinct,			
nomination, secret ballot. Reading			
1 - "The Undecided Vote May be			
the Decisive Factor" Reading 2 -			
"Elections in Ukraine" Speaking –			
Stages of the election process.			
Listening - "Elections of President			
and legislature in Ukraine",			
"Political Parties of Ukraine".			
Dialogues. Writing – Write an			
opinion essay "Compare and			
contrast the party system of			
Ukraine and that of any other			
country. In which ways are they			
similar and in which different?"			
Topic 17. Political Parties and	4	4	1, 2, 3
Elections in the UK and the USA.			
Reading 1 - "Political Parties in the			
USA" Speaking – Tell your partner			
about the political parties in the			
USA and their symbols. Listening			
1 - "The Republican Party".			
Reading 2 - "Democratic Party"			
Dialogues – Compare the			
Democratic and the Republican			
parties in the USA. Reading 3 -			
"Elections in the USA" Listening 2			
- "Presidential Elections". Reading			
4 - "Congressional Elections in the			
USA" Writing – An opinion essay:			
compare and contrast the process			
of electing the President and			
members of Congress in the USA.			
Topic 18. Secondary parts of the	2	2	4, 10, 11, 13
sentence. Object (direct, indirect,			
prepositional). Attribute. Adverbial			
modifier.			
Total hours/semester:	60	60	
Total hours/academic year:	120	90	

4. TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS

MLOs	Teaching methods	Hours	Learning methods	Hours
	(directed study)		(self-directed study)	
1	Brainstorming, solving	40	Reading, information search,	20
	crosswords, talk-shows, pair-		preparing oral reports,	
	work, case studies		compiling legal terms	
			vocabularies	

2	Role-playing, group	30	Opinion polls	10
	discussions/debates	20	71	20
3	Making story maps/KWL	20	Pleasure reading	30
	charts, text structuring and retelling, quizzes			
4	Case studies, round-the-table discussions, brainstorming,	20	Questionnaires preparation	20
	role playing			
5	Drafting contracts/legal documents, peer conferencing,	10	Literature review, creating posts, written translation	10
	color coding, dealing with			
	mentor texts			

5. ASSESSMENT

5.1. Diagnostic assessment

5.2. Summative assessment

5.2.1. Intended learning outcomes methods:

No	Summative assessment methods	Grades	Deadline
	I semester	1	
1.	End-of-unit test	30 (6 x 5) 30%	2,4,6,8,10,12,14 weeks
2.	Mid-term written test	10 10%	8 week
3.	Mid-term oral test	10 10%	8 week
4.	Essay	20 (4 x 5) 20%	4, 8, 12, 15 week
5.	Case study	20 (2 x 10) 20%	5 week 9 week
6.	End-of-semester written test	10 10%	15 week
	II semester		
1.	End-of-unit test	30 (6 x 5) 30%	2,4,6,8,10,12,14 weeks
2.	Essay	20 (4 x 5) 20%	4, 8, 12, 15 week
3.	Mid-term written test	10 10%	8 week
4.	Mid-term oral test	10 10%	8 week
5.	End-of-semester written examination	30 30%	15 week

5.2.2. Grading criteria

Summative assessment method	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Excellent
End-of-unit test	<5 <60% correct answers	5-6 60-74% correct answers	7-8 75-89% correct answers	9-10 90-100% correct answers
Mid-term written test	<5	5-6	7-8	9-10

	<60% correct	60-74% correct	75-89% correct	90-100% correct
	answers	answers	answers	answers
Mid-term oral test	No subject-verb agreement; no verbs conjugated correctly. Few or no vocabulary words from the semester were used. Pronunciation was very difficult to understand; searched for words with many starts and stops. Student was unable to express ideas fluently; many pauses or breaks.	5-6 Some subjects agreed with verbs; some verbs were correctly conjugated. Some vocabulary words from the semester were used. Student's pronunciation was difficult to understand, but effort made. Student had difficulty expressing ideas fluently.	7-8 Subjects generally agreed with verbs; verbs generally conjugated in appropriate past tense (preterit or imperfect). Many vocabulary words from the semester were used. Student's pronunciation was understandable with some errors. Student was able to express ideas fluently with little difficulty.	9-10 Consistent subject-verb agreement; consistent and logical conjugation of verbs, including expression in the past (preterit and imperfect). Extensive and creative use of semester vocabulary. Student's pronunciation was understandable with a few errors. Student was able to communicate clearly with no difficulty.
Essay	Piece had no style or voice. Gives no new information and very poorly organized. Ideas are vague or unclear. So many spelling, punctuation and grammatical errors that it interferes with the meaning.	Piece had little style or voice. Gives some new information but poorly organized. Ideas are too general. A number of spelling, punctuation or grammatical errors.	Piece was written in an interesting style and voice. Somewhat informative and organized. Presents ideas in a consistent manner. Few spelling and punctuation errors, minor grammatical errors.	Piece was written in an extraordinary style and voice. Very informative and well-organized. Presents ideas in an original manner. Virtually no spelling, punctuation or grammatical errors.
Case study	C5 Does not apply the unit principles and material as called for in the case study. Does not address the relevant issues posed by the case study. You fail to make any important points and analyze the material presented	5-6 Applies unit material with gaps in information. Addresses some of the issues covered in unit and called for in the assignment instructions, Some important points are addressed, but not	7-8 Applies unit material with some logical order of ideas, with minimal gaps in information Substantially addresses issues covered in unit and called for in the assignment instructions, and	9-10 Applies unit material with logical order of ideas, with no gaps in information. Completely addresses the concepts, theories and material issues covered in unit and called for in the assignment

material presented in the unit. Themes and throughout the unit. You make throughout the unit. You make content is left out.				Ι.	Ι
fail to make your points, but they were not logically use the concepts, theories and material presented in the unit. Themes and fail to make your points, but they were not logically related to the case itself. 50% of the themes and concepts themes and throughout the literature. Important points literature. Best and most applicable points are presented while unnecessary content is left out. You make					
point, and do not use the concepts, theories and material presented in the unit. Themes and throughout the most out. You make point, and do not use the concepts, theories and itself. 50% of the material presented themes and throughout the most are presented while unnecessary are presented while unnecessary content is left out. You make content is left out.					
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		in the unit.	concepts	content is left	while unnecessary
agreement and not be proposed by the point and legical		Themes and	throughout the	out. You make	content is left out.
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presented as a as part of a whole				presented as a	as part of a whole.
whole.				whole.	
End-of-semester <5 5-6 7-8 9-10	End-of-semester	<5	5-6	7-8	9-10
written test <60% correct 60-74% correct 75-89% correct 90-100% correct	written test	<60% correct	60-74% correct	75-89% correct	90-100% correct
answers answers answers answers		answers	answers	answers	answers
End-of-semester <18 18-21 22-26 27-30	End-of-semester	<18	18-21	22-26	27-30
		<60% correct	60-74% correct	75-89% correct	90-100% correct
examination answers answers answers answers	examination	answers	answers	answers	answers

5.3. Formative assessment

Formative exercises are designed to enable students to develop particular aspects of their learning, prior to summative assessments. Formative exercises are designed to help students use feedback and self-reflection to manage and develop their learning so that they can see how to improve their work.

No	Formative Assessment elements	Date			
	I semester				
1.	Written vocabulary test on completion topics 1-3, 4-6, 7-9, 10-12, 13-15, 16-18	Every two weeks			
2.	Grammar tests (error detection / correction, true / false / not given, matching / multiple matching, multiple choice)	Every week			
3.	Oral presentations (discussions, debates, negotiations, presentations, messages, news) and teacher's feedback	Every week			
4.	Self- and peer assessment	Every week			
5.	Written feedback on essays	During a week after submission			
6.	Discussion and self-correction	Every week			
7.	Assessing business/academic writing skills	Every month			
	II semester				

1.	Written vocabulary test on completion topics 1-3, 4-6, 7-9, 10-12, 13-15, 16-18	Every two weeks
2.	Grammar tests (error detection / correction, true / false / not given, matching / multiple matching, multiple choice)	Every week
3.	Oral presentations (discussions, debates, negotiations) and teacher's feedback	Every week
4.	Self- and peer assessment	Every week
5.	Written feedback on essays	During a week after submission
6.	Discussion and self-correction	Every week
7.	Assessing business/academic writing skills	Every month

Self-assessment can be used both an element of formative and summative assessment.

6. LEARNING RESOURCES

6.1. Key resources

- 1. Legal English: навч. посіб. для студентів закл. вищої освіти спец. «Право» / [В.П.Сімонок, С.С.Микитюк, О.І.Зелінська та ін.]; за заг. ред. В.П.Сімонок, О.Ю.Кузнецової; Нац. юрид. унтім. Ярослава Мудрого. 2-ге вид., перероб. і допов. Харків: Право, 2021. 332 с.
- 2. Competence in English: типові тестові завдання: навч.-практ. посіб. / уклад.: О.Ю.Кузнєцова, Л.О.Голубнича, Т.П.Бесараб та ін. Харків: Право, 2018. 172 с.
- 3. Завдання з англійської мови студентам-юристам для аудиторної та самостійної роботи: навч. посіб. / Т.В.Мельнікова, С.С.Микитюк, Т.Ю. Мороз та ін.; за заг. ред. В.П.Сімонок. Харків: Право, 2021. 122 с.
- 4. Legal path : навч.-практ. посіб. / [уклад.: О. Ю. Кузнецова, Л. О. Голубнича, Т. П. Бесараб та ін.]. 2-ге вид., перероб. і допов. Харків : Право, 2021. 232 с.
- 5. Jenny Dooley, Virginia Evans. Grammarway 3. Express Publishing. 2019. 272 p.

6.2. Guidelines

- 6. Рідель Т.М. Англо-український словник-мінімум юридичної термінології. Суми: СНАУ, 2018. 60 ст.
- 7. Рідель Т.М. Українсько-англійський словник-мінімум юридичної термінології. Суми: CHAY, 2019. 62 ст.

6.3. Additional resources

- 8. Amy Krois-Lindner, Matt Firth. Introduction to International Legal English. A course for classroom or self-study use. Student's Book. Cambridge University Press, University Printing House, Cambridge CB2 8BS, United Kingdom. 2012. 160 p.
- 9. Murphy R. English Grammar in Use 5th. Cambridge University Press, 2022. URL: https://books-here.com/english-grammar-in-use-5th-ed/
- 10. Website of NATO https://www.nato.int
- 11. Website of OSCE https://www.osce.org
- 12. Website of United Nations URL: https://www.un.org.en
- 13. Website of EU regulations URL: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html
- 14. The International Court of Justice (ICJ). URL: https://www.icj-cij.org/en/court

6.4. Computer Applications and soft

Рецензія на робочу програму (силабус)

Параметр, за яким оцінюється робоча програма (силабус) освітнього компонента гарантом або членом проєктної групи	Так	Hi	Коментар
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом (ДРН) відповідають НРК	V	or use	
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом (ДРН) відповідають передбаченим ПРН (для обов'язкових ОК)	V	Taxe = E	
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом дають можливість виміряти та оцінити рівень їх досягнення	V		2

<u>Н.О.Петрова</u> (ПІБ)

П	Так	TT:	ICarran-
Параметр, за яким оцінюється робоча програма (силабус) освітнього компонента викладачем відповідної кафедри	Так	Hi	Коментар
Загальна інформація про освітній компонент є достатньою	V		
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом (ДРН) відповідають НРК	V		
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом (ДРН) дають можливість виміряти та оцінити рівень їх досягнення	V		galenti mand A ti
Результати навчання (ДРН) стосуються компетентностей студентів, а не змісту дисципліни (містять знання, уміння, навички, а не теми навчальної програми дисципліни)	V		In The second
Зміст ОК сформовано відповідно до структурно-логічної схеми	V		
Навчальна активність (методи викладання та навчання) дає змогу студентам досягти очікуваних результатів навчання (ДРН)	V		
Освітній компонент передбачає навчання через дослідження, що ϵ доцільним та достатнім для відповідного рівня вищої освіти	V		
Стратегія оцінювання в межах освітнього компонента відповідає політиці Університету/факультету	V	203	Charleston C
Передбачені методи оцінювання дозволяють оцінити ступінь досягнення результатів навчання за освітнім компонентом	V		e dien. Dig enden 1
Навантажения студентів є адекватним обсягу освітнього компонента	V		(The shortest of the
Рекомендовані навчальні ресурси є достатніми для досягнення результатів навчання (ДРН)	V		abaassa 1817 2 Sa
Література є актуальною	V		
Перелік навчальних ресурсів містить необхідні для досягнення ДРН програмні продукти	V		1

All I

Член проектної групи ОП <u>«Міжнародне право»</u> $_{({\tt Ha3Ba})}$